

Passionate leadership Managing the downturn with style



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Passion: a powerful emotion such as love, joy, hatred or anger

"Be not afraid of greatness: some are born great, some achieve greatness and some have greatness thrust upon them"

William Shakespeare, Twelfth Night, Act II, Scene V

"Leaders are people who leave their footprints in their areas of passion".

Jonathan Byrnes
Harvard Business School

Agenda of today's event

- The importance of passionate leadership in crisis times
 Derk Jan Koole, General Director Hay Group Russia
- The effect of the crisis on your organization and on you
- Passionate leadership: what is it and what's in it for us?
 Nadezhda Diakonova, Senior Hay Group Consultant
- Dealing with today's leadership dilemmas
- A case study
 Interview with Irina Likhova, HR Director from MegaFon
- Conclusions



Introductions

- Name
- Company
- Position
- Your passion



How to lead with passion while they took the icing from the cake?

Derk Jan Koole, General Director Hay Group Russia





Just when I had all the answers, all questions changed

Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
Stop bleeding	Intensive care	Recovery	Sustain and shape
You need to keep your organization alive and adapt quickly to the economic situation	You need to improve your diet: improve your organization and refocus on core processes	You can, and want to strengthen your competitiveness: redesign the way you operate	You are in good shape and it's time to gain unrivalled competitiveness
Limit the development of risks and liabilities throughout the crisis	Learn from the crisis and develop effective risk management capabilities	Gain market position during the crisis Become stronger, take	Take advantage of competitors' weaknesses Use the strategic position gives
Preserve the foundations of the business: clients, talents, key assets, differentiated practices, etc.	Increase capability, excise deadwood and raise the performance bar	measured steps to expand your markets, customers and reach	to outperform the markets
Survive	Ada	apt	Shape

8



People react to sudden traumatic events in 4 stages

- 1. Denial. The initial reaction is to deny that change will be necessary. "This isn't
 - happening" or "It's just a temporary setback."
- 2. Anger. The next stage is to get angry and look for someone to blame. At the

same time, people stubbornly resist giving up accustomed ways of doing

things.

3. Mourning. In this stage, people stop denying that change is inevitable,

acknowledge what has been lost, and mourn it.

4. Adaptation. The final stage is to accept the need to change and get on with life.



The Most Admired Companies excel in times of economic uncertainty by:

- Refusing to compromise long-term objectives for short-term demands
- Achieving success through people (developing and retaining talent and fostering high levels of employee engagement)
- Encouraging teamwork and collaboration, especially within the executive team
- Focusing outwardly on customers and markets
- Keeping focus in an uncertain economy

These appear to be enduring characteristics of Most Admired companies that contribute to their success regardless of economic conditions

The Most Admired Companies continue to take the long view in times of economic uncertainty.



They see challenging economic times as an opportunity as well as they are a threat. They concentrate on the core.



They stop their top talent from walking out the door when times get tough by engaging with their workforce and providing clear direction.



They allow cool heads and creativity to prevail: Leaders keep a cool head in tough times and are poised to not only be heroes, but team players, too.





What are the key drivers of effective management in time of crisis?

6 basic management rules to overcome and benefit from the downturn

Strategy-driven

Go deep into the real drivers of performance

Conscious

2. Do not put at risk what made you successful

Management

3. Develop new performance management capabilities

Timing

4. Dramatically speed up the Feedback cycle

Leadership posture

5. Manage the emotional challenge and the intangible assets

Communication

6. Increase intensity of communication



Strategy driven conscious management

	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
	Stop bleeding	Intensive care	Recovery	Sustain
Strategy	Start. Stop. Maintain. 90 days agenda	Reorder your strategic priorities	Reshape your strategy	Accelerated strategy
Operating model	Rapid analysis of immediate downsize and bring under control	(Re)design core delivery unit at costs	(Re)design the operating model for rapid growth	(Re)design for accelerated growth
Processes	Cut or reduce non core activities	Cut or invest in processes which feed the growth engine	Strengthening core processes and enablers of the new operating model	Get agility on critical internal/external processes
Jobs	Non critical jobs elimination	Obvious overlaps elimination	New mission critical jobs implementation	Succession/backup management
Capabilities	Mobilize critical know how and energies	Make sure that key talent are in key jobs	Reorder for resources allocation	People development and market opportunities
Management	Team at the top sets rapid agenda	Clarify governance system	Cascade top level decisions through organization	Global campaign initiatives
Focus	COSTS	COSTS AND REVENUE	VALUE CREATION	MID-TERM VALUE
Survive Adapt Shape				



Engaging people by intangible rewards

Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
Stop bleeding	Intensive care	Recovery	Sustain and shape
Be straight with staff regarding situation Recognize achievements in saving the company	Give key business challenges to most talented people and key roles to best performers Understand needs and wants of top talent Provide the tools for people to do their jobs	Understand needs and wants of entire workforce Creative solutions for budget-free recognition Help managers develop skills to recognize staff in non-financial ways Assess and improve work climate	Develop career development platform Ensure development linked to performance and long term potential

Communications

Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4
Stop bleeding	Intensive care	Recovery	Sustain and shape
Straight communication about situation and challenges Address fundamental concerns – fears, expected outcomes, behaviors Reassure your most driven and focused employees	Frequent briefings on achievement of short term objectives and business situation Ensure clarity around individual and team contribution and initial results	Continuous communication of strategic priorities and must win battles Communicate the value of rewards employees are receiving Focus on role of manager in reward communications	Sustained communication on strategic direction and milestones achieved Leverage internal communication practices

Adapt

Shape

Survive



Expected impact

Your organization will benefit from the 6 rules in a multifaceted way

- Your efforts will lead to sustainable business results in a short and long term run
- The strategic direction after the crisis is clear to everybody
- Morale is up the staff is motivated
- Key players also stay with the company after the downturn
- The DNA grew stronger for future challenges



The effect of the crisis on your organization and on you

Choose 2 pictures:

One that resembles the effect the crisis has on your people

One that resembles the effect the crisis has on you as a leader

Passionate leadership: what is it and what's in it for us?

Nadezhda Diakonova, Senior Consultant, Hay Group



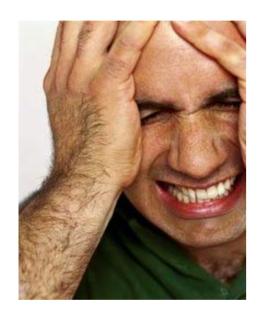


- What do you think passionate leadership is?
- Do you know any specific leader you could call passionate?
- What did he/she do differently from others?

How does t fee to work for a passionate leader?

TODAY'S REALITY: ECONOMIC DOWNTURN

When people feel...



Tensed Insecure Worried

Stressed Scared Upset



When stress is too high, people cannot deliver good results



Passionate leadership is about inspiring and motivating others!

- Create clarity
- Keep people focused on effective execution
- Have long-term focus
- Communicate positive vision
- Build trust

HOW do passionate leaders do it?

SELF

OTHERS

AWARENESS

Understand self

Understand others

ACTIONS

Manage own emotions

Inspire and motivate others

Business Results



HOW do they do it? Key differentiators

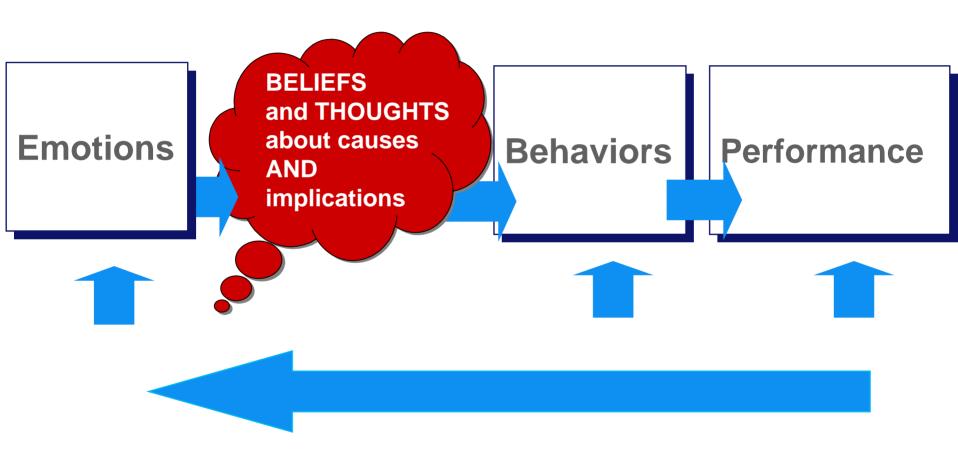
- Self-confidence
- Optimism
- Resilience
- Integrity

"Whether you think that you can, or that you can't, you are usually right."

Henry Ford (1863-1947)



Our behavior depends on our thoughts and inner beliefs



When thinking about the crisis, some leaders would say to themselves...

You cannot trust people!

If I loose it now, I am a bad manager!

Difficult times...

I am stressed

I MUST always

deliver results!

I am scared

The collapsing!

economy is

I have to control them tighter!

My people are poor performers! We will not deliver results

I MUST always win!

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...While other leaders would think differently

What shall we all change to learn and grow?

This is an opportunity to make the company stronger

What are THEY concerned about?

What is important for my people NOW?

What can I do to keep my team motivated?

It is OK if I invest this time

Difficult

times...

My team is my resource

What can I do to strengthen it?

I will learn from that situation

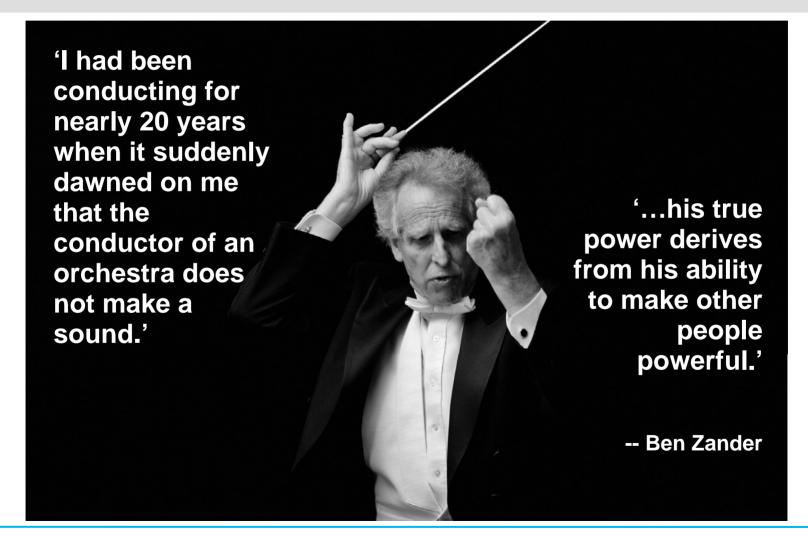


Our beliefs, thoughts and "musts" are provoked by..

- Our values
- Our ambitions
- Our fears and insecurities
- The way we see ourselves



Passionate leadership: transferring your drive to others



Great listener Encourager Communicator Courageous Sense of humor **Shows empathy Decisive** Takes responsibility Humble **Shares authority**

Blank wall **Doubter** Secretive Intimidating **Bad temper** Self-centered **Indecisive Blames Arrogant Mistrusts**

Who would you work best for?

Taken from Daniel Goleman, Social Intelligence, 2006



We have to be very careful when talking to ourselves and avoid thinking traps!

- We tend to jump to conclusions too fast
- We fail to evaluate all the evidence and read other's minds without checking
- We "maximize" evidence that meets our expectations and "minimize" anything that conflicts with them
- We base our perceptions upon the way we feel rather than the facts

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We CAN CHOOSE THE THOUGHTS we WANT to think and CHOOSE the leadership style we like

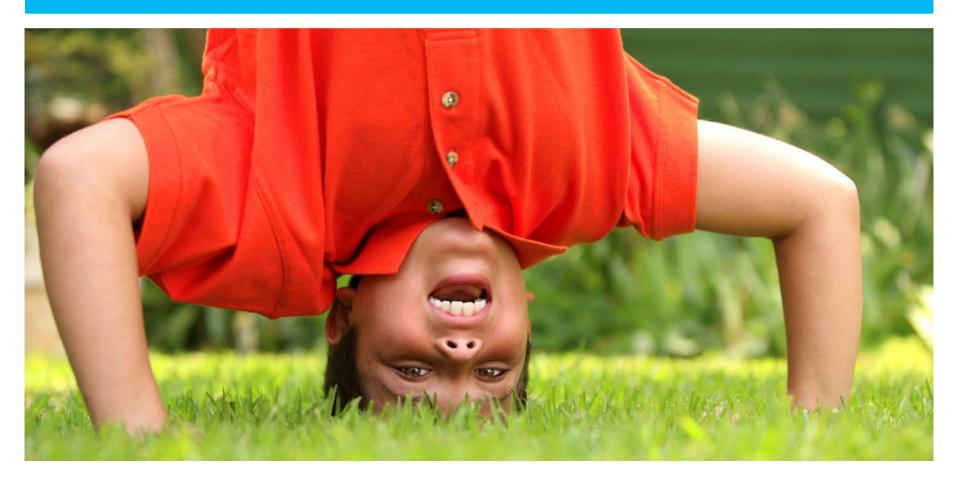


Then even in these trying times....





...be passionate leaders that can make people feel optimistic



...inspired



Proud for the work that they do...





...willing to put extra efforts into what they do!



Dealing with today's leadership dilemmas



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8 lessons on leadership

- Courage is not the absence of fear
 it's inspiring others to move beyond it by showing confidence and optimism
- 2. Lead from the front see the opportunities for the long run, know what are principles and what are tactics, and commit people to the course
- 3. Lead from the back the trick of leadership is allowing yourself to be led too; persuade people to do things and make them think it was their own idea
- 4. Understand your stakeholders and learn about their passion understand what you have in common and build partnerships by helping them to be successful or to solving their concerns
- 5. Keep your friends close and your opponents even closer optimists can trust people too much; cherish loyalty but understand that people act upon their own interest
- Appearances matter and remember to smile symbols matter as much as substance
- 7. Quitting is leading too

knowing how to abandon a failed idea, task or relationship is often the most difficult decision to make. Leaders lead as much by what they choose not to do as what they do

8. Nothing is black or white

decisions are complex, and there are always competing factors. What is the end that you seek and what is the most practical way to get there?

Dilemmas: what would you do?

- 1. The best leaders are optimistic. The company is "bleeding" so badly however, that I have only negative information to share and negative measures to take.
- 2. In crisis times it is key to provide for a long term vision and focus. I cannot predict more than even one month ahead at the moment.

Dilemmas: what would you do?

- 3. I know how important it is to be self-confident. However, I keep having doubts regarding my managerial abilities.
- 4. As a leader I am under pressure for short-term results and I need to know what exactly my people are doing. At the same time I need to trust people and give them accountability.



Dilemmas: what would you do?

- I was passionate about building a great team.Now, I have to tear it apart.
- 6. I accepted this job because my passion is to build and grow. Now I need to downsize.

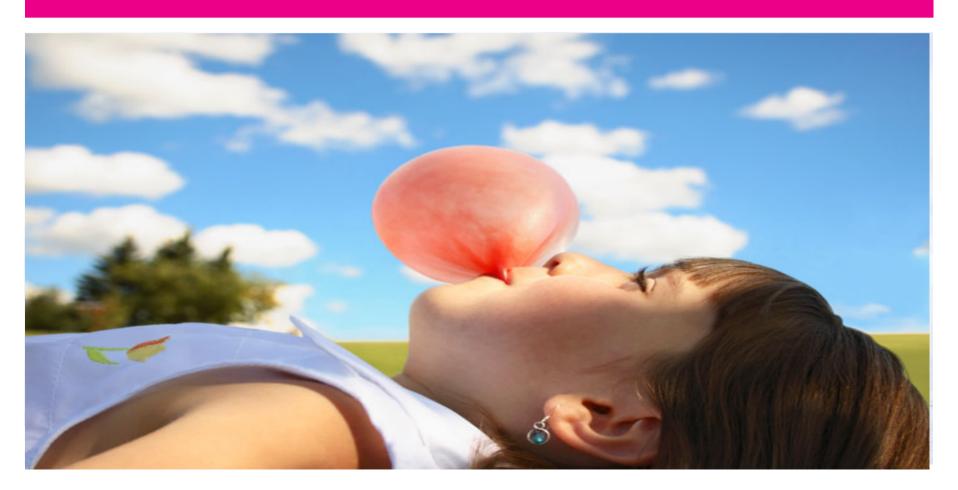
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Driving passionate leadership in MegaFon

Irina Likhova, HR Director, MegaFon



Conclusion



Passionate leadership: let your passions lead you

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